

[0024] FIG. 13C is a side view of an electrical probe according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0025] FIG. 14 is a perspective view of an audio plug connector according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0026] FIG. 15 is a perspective view of an audio plug connector according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0027] FIG. 16 is an exploded perspective view of an audio receptacle connector according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0028] FIG. 17 is a cross-sectional view of an audio connector installed in a housing having a self-healing elastomer barrier layer according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0029] FIG. 18 is a cross-sectional view of an audio connector installed in a housing having a self-healing elastomer barrier layer with conductively doped regions over the connector contacts according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0030] FIG. 19 is a cross-sectional view of an audio connector installed in a housing having a self-healing elastomer barrier layer with conductively doped regions over the connector contacts according to an embodiment of the invention; and

[0031] FIG. 20 is a method for mating a data or audio connector with an external connector on an electronic device having a self-healing layer.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0032] Certain embodiments of the present invention relate to electronic devices. While the present invention can be useful for a wide variety of electronic devices, some embodiments of the invention are particularly useful for electronic devices that have a layer of self-healing elastomer disposed over one or more external electronic connectors, as described in more detail below.

[0033] FIG. 1 depicts a simplified diagram of an example electronic device 100 that may incorporate an embodiment. Device 100 is used for illustration only; the concepts/techniques of the invention can be employed in myriad electronic devices. For example, it is understood that embodiments of the invention are not limited to smartphones and may be employed in any type of electronic device including, but not limited to, wrist watches, portable media players, notebook computers, docking stations, desktop computers, portable radios, televisions, and set top boxes.

[0034] In the embodiment depicted in FIG. 1, electronic device 100 includes a front face 105 having a display screen 110, a sensor 115, a speaker 120, a home button 125, an audio connector 130 and a microphone 131. In some embodiments sensor 115 may be a camera, an infra-red detector or an ultrasonic detector. Although the embodiment in FIG. 1 shows only one display screen, sensor, speaker, home button, audio connector and microphone, it is understood that myriad configurations and quantities of these features are possible without departing from the invention. Electronic device 100 also includes on/off switch 132 and volume buttons 133a, 133b.

[0035] FIG. 2 depicts a simplified diagram of the rear of electronic device 100. Electronic device 100 includes housing 150 configured to be a rectangular prism having a back face 135 positioned opposite front face 105. In other embodiments, housing 150 may be shaped differently, for example in one embodiment the housing is curved and shaped to be worn on a user's wrist. Electronic circuitry 134 is disposed within housing 150 and is coupled to display screen 110, sensor 115, speaker 120, home button 125, audio connector 130, micro-

phone 131, on/off switch 132 and volume buttons 133a, 133b. FIG. 2 also depicts an audio plug connector 145 that is matable with audio connector 130, and data plug connector 155 that is matable with data connector 140. In certain embodiments, one or more of connectors 130, 140 may employ an embodiment of the invention. Embodiments of the invention may be used on a variety of different electrical connectors.

[0036] FIG. 3 depicts a simplified close up plan view of data connector 140 and a portion of housing 150 (see FIG. 2), and FIG. 4 illustrates a simplified cross-section (see section A-A in FIG. 3) through one of plurality of contacts 310. Housing 150 has an opening 305. Data connector 140 is operatively coupled to electronic circuitry 134 (see FIG. 2) within housing 150. Data connector 140 includes plurality of contacts 310 disposed on a substrate 410 and accessible through opening 305. Although plurality contacts 310 are illustrated as four circular pads arranged in a linear pattern, the plurality of contacts may be of any number, any shape and any pattern. Further, in some embodiments, plurality of contacts 310 may not be pads, but may be other electrical contacts, such as, but not limited to blade-type connectors, sliding-type connectors or cylindrical-type pin and socket connectors. Substrate 410 may be a part of electronic circuitry 134 (see FIG. 2) disposed within housing 150.

[0037] Unlike in a typical electrical connector in which the contacts are exposed for an electrical connection to a corresponding connector, contacts 310 are buried beneath a layer of self-healing elastomer 315 which covers opening 305 and plurality of contacts 310. Elastomer 315 thus provides a strong environmental seal that protects contacts 310 from the environment including dust, debris, moisture and gas and prevents the contacts from being accessed without a tool or corresponding connector that can penetrate self-healing elastomer 315. In some embodiments, self-healing elastomer 315 may be filled with a pigment and blended with housing 150 such that it may appear contiguous with the housing and be substantially imperceptible thus hiding the connector such that a user may not even realize the electronic device even has an external connector.

[0038] In some embodiments self-healing elastomer 315 extends over housing 150, beyond opening 305. In other embodiments self-healing elastomer 315 may be disposed only within opening 305 and may not extend over housing 150. The size and thickness of self-healing elastomer 315 may depend on the size of opening 305, which in turn is dependent on the size and shape of connector 140 and the thickness of housing 150. In some embodiments where it is desirable for electronic device 100 to be thin, self-healing elastomer 315 may be less than 0.5 mm thick. In other embodiments self-healing elastomer 315 may be between 0.5 mm to 0.1 mm thick. In further embodiments self-healing elastomer 315 may be between 0.1 mm to 0.2 mm thick. In yet further embodiments self-healing elastomer 315 may be greater than 0.2 mm thick. In other embodiments the thickness of self-healing elastomer 315 may be greater than 0.5 mm.

[0039] Self-healing elastomer 315 may be a polymer with elastic properties such as a low Young's modulus and a high failure strain. In further embodiments, self-healing elastomer 315 may comprise a silicone material, also known as a polymerized siloxane. In some embodiments, the polymerized siloxane may be mixed inorganic-organic polymers with the chemical formula $[R_2SiO]_n$, where R is an organic group such as methyl, ethyl, or phenyl. In these embodiments the